



المدرسة الأهلية  
AHLIA SCHOOL  
BAHRAIN

# SCIENCE REVISION BOOKLET MID SEMESTER 1- 2018

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

GRADE: 5 ( )

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_



## QA: KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING.

a. Fill in the blanks by choosing the words from the box below:

Air sacs, arthropods, Cytoplasm, Mollusks, cell wall, capillaries, veins, arteries, archaeobacteria, Urinary system, vertebrates, invertebrates,

1. A snail without a backbone, has a soft body and a hard outer shell belongs to \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Animal with backbones are called \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Animals without backbones are called \_\_\_\_\_.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ is the largest invertebrate group with jointed legs.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ are single celled organisms that can survive environments that are deadly to mostly other kinds of animals.
6. The tough outer covering of the plant cell is \_\_\_\_\_.
7. A cell's \_\_\_\_\_ is the material between nucleus and cell membrane.
8. The parts of the lungs where oxygen enters the blood are called \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Blood is carried by (an) \_\_\_\_\_ into the heart.
10. Smallest blood vessels are called \_\_\_\_\_.
11. Blood is carried by (an) \_\_\_\_\_ away from heart.
12. The system that is involved in removing the wastes from the body is \_\_\_\_\_.



b. Choose the correct answer by circling the letter.

1. What are the levels of classification from largest to smallest?
  - A. Kingdom, phylum, class, order, family, genus, species.
  - B. Phylum, kingdom, class, family, order, species, genus.
  - C. Kingdom, class, family, order, phylum, genus, species.
  - D. Family, order, phylum, class, species, genus, kingdom.
  
2. Which type of the plant is **NOT** vascular?
  - A. Fern,
  - B. Flowering plant
  - C. Moss
  - D. Conifers
  
3. What type of tissue mostly like to have **flat cells**.
  - A. Nerve tissue
  - B. Muscle tissue
  - C. Bone tissue
  - D. Skin tissue
  
4. Which two organ systems work together to move the body?
  - A. Muscular system and skeletal system.
  - B. Digestive and muscular system.
  - C. Nervous and digestive system
  - D. Respiratory and nervous system.
  
5. What structures connect the smallest arteries with the smallest veins?
  - A. Air sacs
  - B. Capillaries
  - C. Bronchi
  - D. Valves
  
6. When does digestion begin?
  - A. When saliva mix with food
  - B. When teeth ground the food



- C. When food moves down the esophagus
- D. When food is in the stomach.

**QB: COMPREHENSION.**

- a. Classify the following animals. Place each animal in the correct class in the chart below:

Clown fish, kingfisher, shark, Grey squirrel, rattlesnake, alligator, Golden-lined frog, duck, salamander, chimpanzee,

CLASS	ANIMAL
Mammal	
Bird	
Reptile	
Amphibian	
Fish	

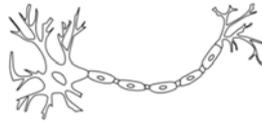
- b. Write organs and function of each Organ system given below.

Organ system	Organs	Function
Nervous system		
Respiratory system		
Circulatory system		



Urinary system		
Digestive system		

c. How does a nerve cell shape and great length help it to do its job?



---

---

---

d. (i) What are cilia?  
(ii) What do they do?

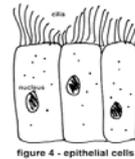


figure 4 - epithelial cells

---

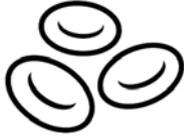
---

---

---



e. How does a round blood cell shape help it to do its job?



shutterstock.com - 571792750

---

---

---

f. SEQUENCE: In the boxes write in order, the parts of digestive system through which inhaled air passes.

Small intestine, esophagus, mouth, large intestine, stomach,

---

---

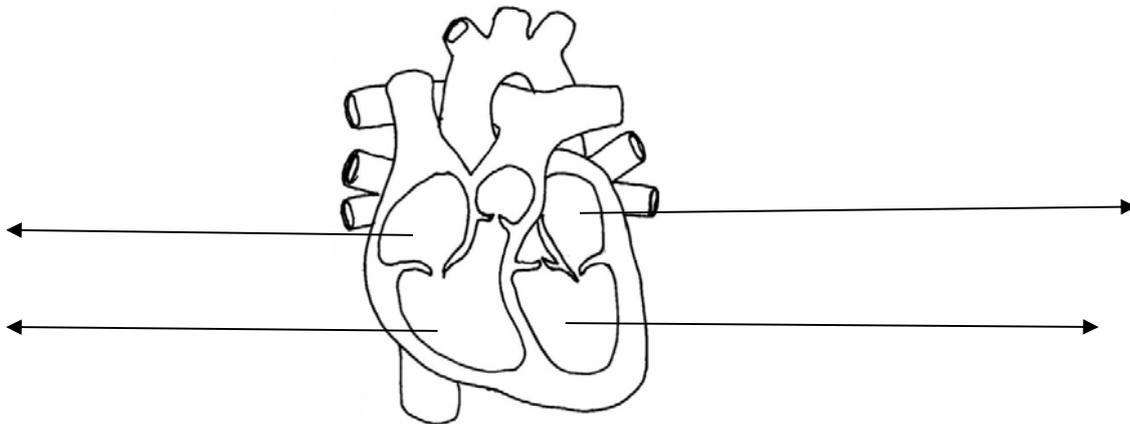
g. SEQUENCE: Order, the parts of respiratory system through which inhaled air passes.

Nose, air sacs, trachea, bronchioles, bronchi,

---

---

h. Label the four chambers of heart.





i. List organs of plants.

---

---

---

---

j. Classify the plants as vascular and non vascular plants, by choosing the words from the box below:

Ferns, mosses, flowering plants, conifers

Vascular plants	Non vascular plants

k. What are the adaptations of small intestine and what is its function?

---

---

---

---



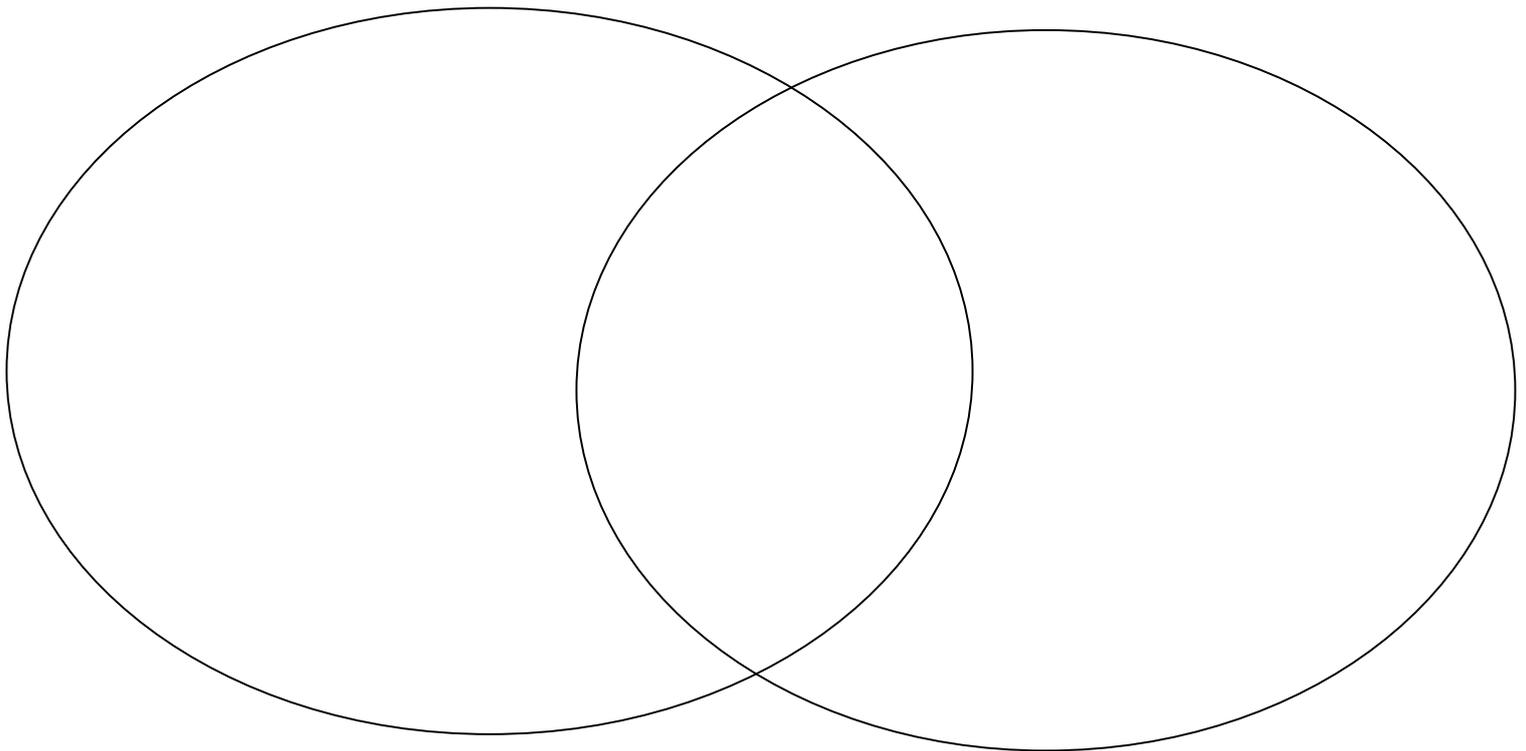
**QC: APPLICATION.**

- a. Tell how toads and snakes are different and how are they alike. In your answer consider their body parts, their needs and their life cycles.

TOAD

Both

SNAKE



- b. Differentiate between plant and animal cells.

No.	Plant cell	Animal cell
1.		



2.		
3.		

c. How do digestive and circulatory systems work together?

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

d. How do respiratory and circulatory systems work together?

---

---

---

---

---

---



---

---

---

e. How do urinary and circulatory systems work together?

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

### **QD: ANALYSIS**

a. Infer what would happen to a cell if you removed its vacuole?

---

---

---

---

b. Infer what would happen to a cell if you remove chloroplast from the plant cell?

---

---

---

---



c. Infer what would happen to a cell if you removed its nucleus? Explain your answer.

---

---

---

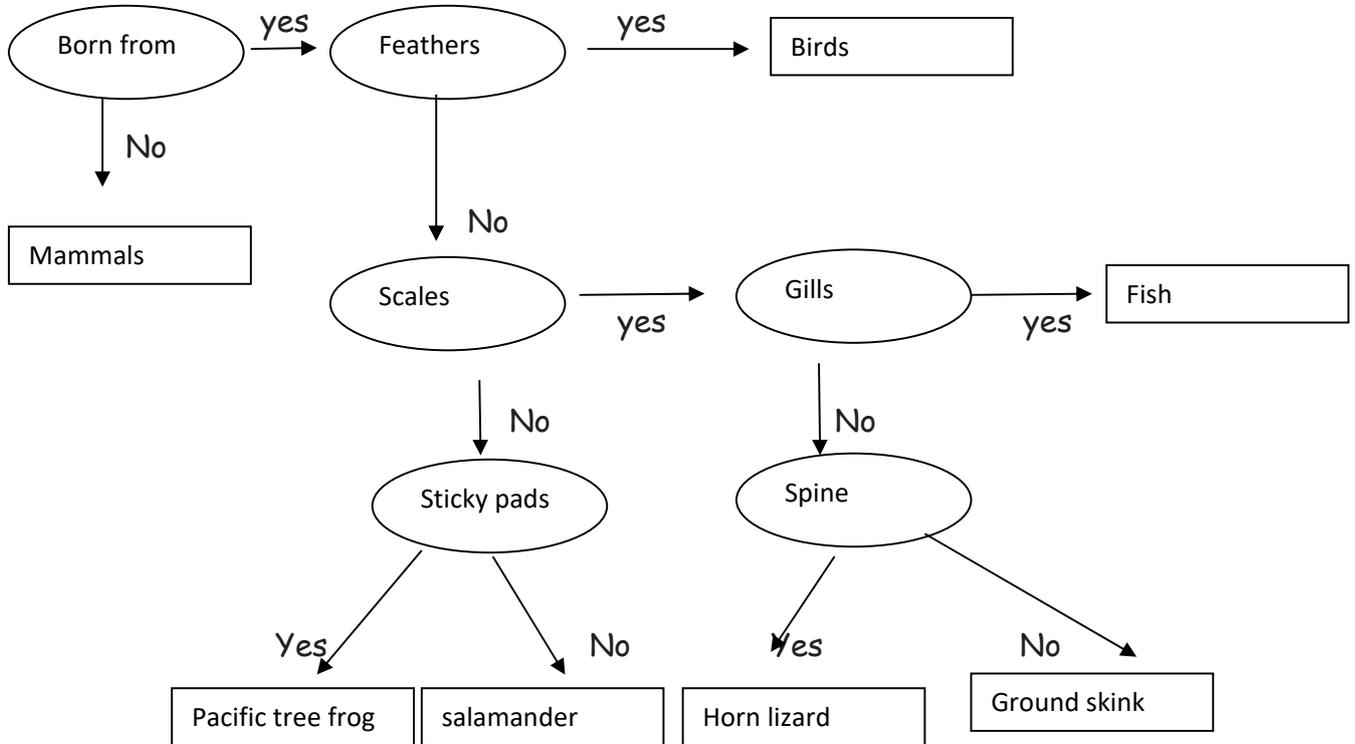
---

---

d. What is the difference between protist and fungi?

Protist	Fungi

e. look carefully at the dichotomous key below:



Which animal is born from an egg have, scales, no gills and no spine?

---



---

Which animal is born from an egg and has scales and spine?

---



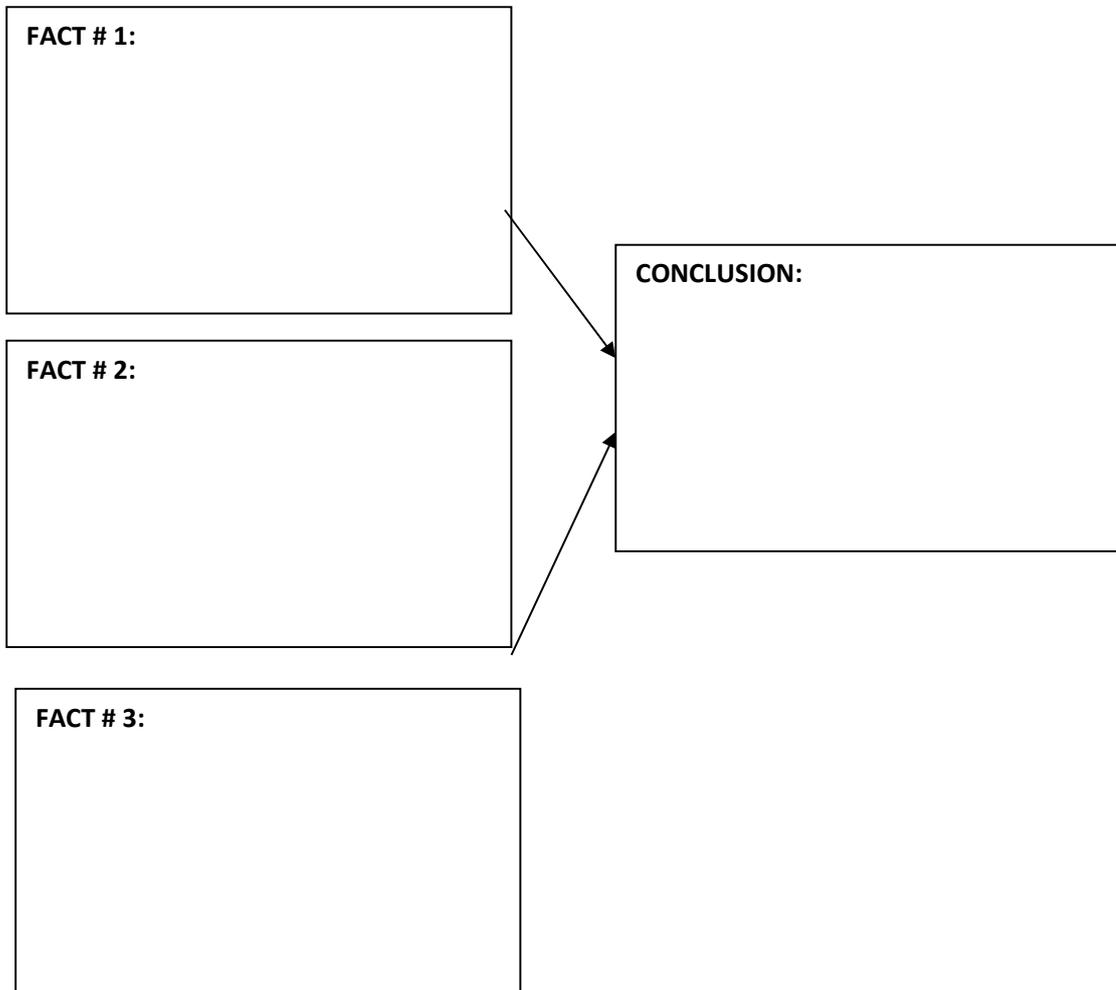
---

## QE: SYNTHESIS/EVALUATION

a. Read the needs of plants paragraph below:

Plants need sunlight, soil, air, and water to live. In a recent science experiment, three plants were given the same amounts of sunlight, soil, and air. Plant B was given the amount of water that a plant needs to survive, while Plant A & C was not given any water.

What conclusion can you draw about the future of the two plants? Use the graphic organizer to write your facts and your conclusion.

<b>FACT # 1:</b>     	
<b>FACT # 2:</b>     	
<b>FACT # 3:</b>     	
<b>CONCLUSION:</b>     	